

STRATHBURN

Home Fire history Yalari Location & Size Safaris Experts' Reviews Birds 1 Northern Stations Improvements Rainfall & Water Carrying Capacity

STRATHBURN CATTLE STATION

Wilderness, wetlands, wildlife, cattle breeding and carbon farming in the middle of Cape York Peninsula, Australia's Last Frontier



Strathburn Cattle Station is a large-scale breeding property (50km by 50km) with abundant water and feed in the heart of Cape York. Beyond its reliable seasons and the production of thousands of healthy Brahman weaners each year, Strathburn's wilderness abounds with waterholes, wetlands and wildlife, including barramundi, brolgas, brumbies, crocodiles, eagles, jabiru, jacana, palm cockatoos, saratoga, scrub bulls and feral pigs.

Strathburn Station is situated approximately 129 km North West of Musgrave, and 506 km North West of Mareeba, Tropical North Queensland. Pastoral Holding: 246,049 ha (608,000 acres). Carrying Capacity: Estimated 10,000-15,000 head when fully developed.

Location & Size



Strathburn Station is situated approximately 129 km North West of Musgrave, and 506 km North West of Mareeba, North Queensland.

Rory 0414703471; email: strathburnstation@gmail.com ; <https://strathburncattlestation.com.au/>

Strathburn Station – 50km by 50km in the heart of Cape York Peninsula – is perhaps the most biodiverse non-coastal property in Queensland, featuring wetlands, wildlife and wilderness essentially unchanged for centuries

Major National Reserve System properties

Major National Reserve System properties					
Name	Property type	IUCN category	Jurisdiction	Hectares	% of zone
Willinggin	Indigenous Protected Area	V, VI	WA	2,417,402	1.84
Kakadu	National Park (Commonwealth)	II	NT	1,893,727	1.44
Warddeken	Indigenous Protected Area	VI	NT	1,370,366	1.04
Judbarra/Gregory	National Park	II	NT	1,300,412	0.99
Balanggarra	Indigenous Protected Area	VI	WA	1,090,401	0.83
Limmen	National Park	II	NT	936,812	0.71
Karajarri	Indigenous Protected Area	II, VI	WA	897,668	0.68
Djelk	Indigenous Protected Area	VI	NT	671,952	0.51
Dambimangari	Indigenous Protected Area	VI	WA	637,524	0.48
Prince Regent	National Park	II	WA	571,060	0.43
Ord River Regeneration Reserve	Miscellaneous Reserve	IV	WA	568,055	0.43
Rinyirru (Lakefield)	National Park Aboriginal	II	QLD	542,029	0.41
Laynhapuy – Stage 1	Indigenous Protected Area	VI	NT	477,773	0.36
Staaten River	National Park	II	QLD	468,787	0.36
Drysdale River	National Park	II	WA	446,105	0.34
King Leopold Ranges	Conservation Park	II	WA	389,995	0.30
Oyala Thumotang	National Park Aboriginal	II	QLD	381,276	0.29
Uunguu – Stage 1	Indigenous Protected Area	VI	WA	339,119	0.26
Mornington Nature Reserve	National Reserve System Program	II	WA	312,958	0.24
Nitmiluk (Katherine Gorge)	National Park	II	NT	294,664	0.22
Holroyd River	Nature Refuge	VI	QLD	282,058	0.21
Anindilyakwa	Indigenous Protected Area	VI	NT	253,881	0.19
Marion Downs Station	Biodiversity Hotspot	IV	WA	249,627	0.19
Strathburn Cattle Station	Nature Refuge	VI	QLD	246,575	0.19
Purnululu	National Park	II	WA	243,831	0.19
Jardine River	National Park	II	QLD	234,313	0.18
Rutland Plains	Nature Refuge	VI	QLD	233,499	0.18
Wardaman	Indigenous Protected Area	VI	NT	224,704	0.17
Garig Gunak Barlu	National Park	II	NT	204,363	0.16
Silver Plains	National Reserve System Program	Var	QLD	203,364	0.15
Pungalina Station	Biodiversity Hotspot	IV	NT	194,845	0.15

The IUCN categories are as follows:

Ia Strict Nature Reserve

Ib Wilderness Area

II National Park

III Natural Monument or Feature

IV Habitat/Species Management Area

V Protected Landscape/ Seascape

VI Protected area with sustainable use of natural resources

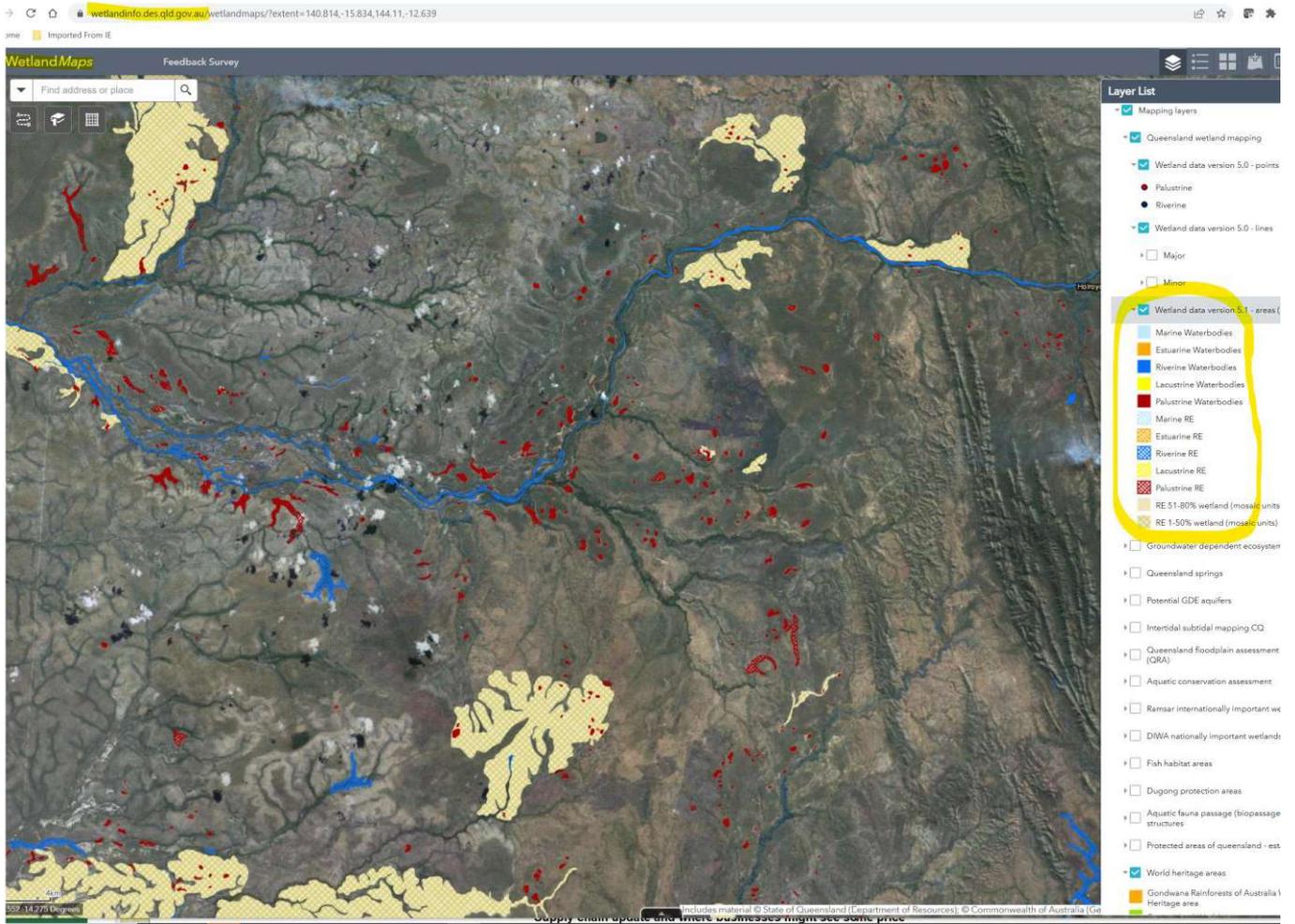
IUCN protected area management categories classify protected areas according to their management objectives. The categories are recognised by international bodies such as the United Nations and are utilised by many national governments, including the Australian Government, as the global standard for defining and recording protected areas.

Please refer to the IUCN website for further explanation: http://www.iucn.org/about/work/programmes/gpap_home/gpap_quality/gpap_pacategories/

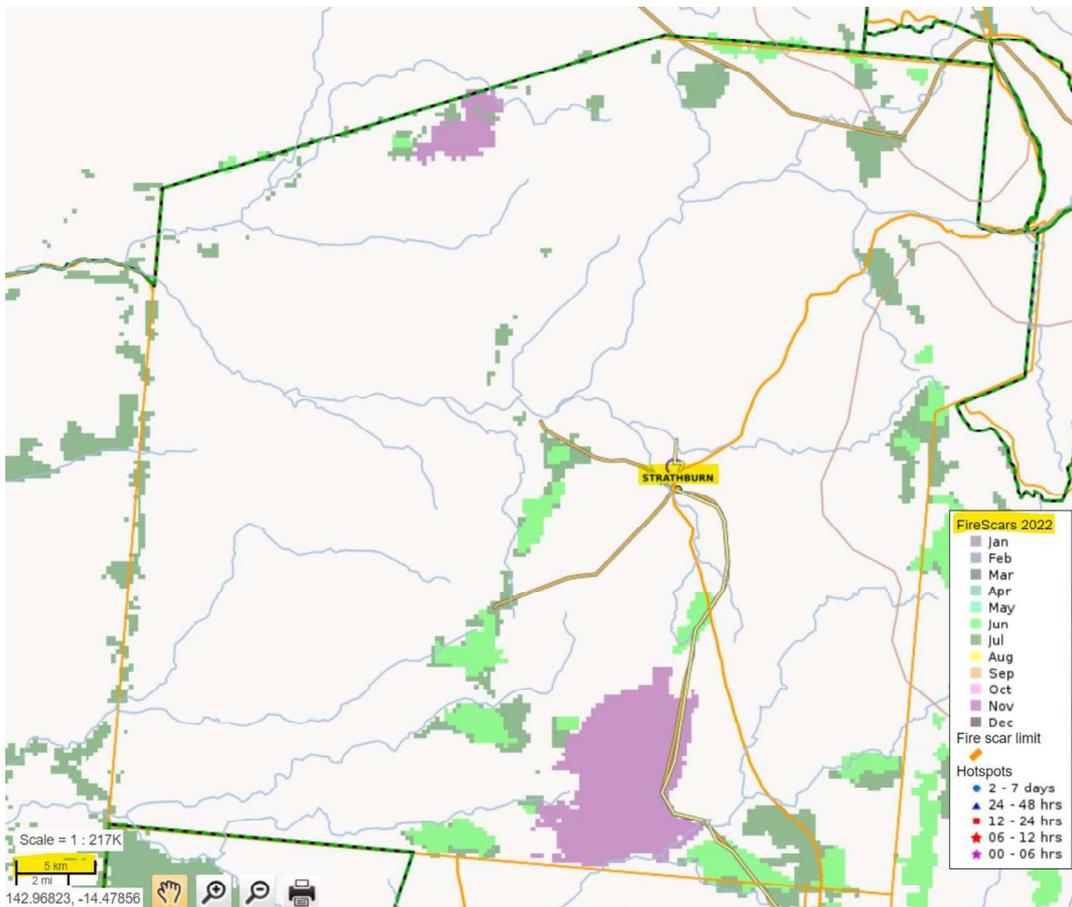
For more information on Australia's National Reserve System please refer to: <http://www.environment.gov.au/topics/land/national-reserve-system>

Source: Collaborative Australian Protected Area Database 2012.

Strathburn Station – 50km by 50km in the heart of Cape York Peninsula – is perhaps the most biodiverse non-coastal property in Queensland, featuring wetlands, wildlife and wilderness essentially unchanged for centuries



<https://wetlandinfo.des.qld.gov.au/wetlandmaps/?extent=140.814,-15.834,144.11,-12.639>



<https://firenorth.org.au/nafi3/>

About the Emissions Reduction Fund	>
Emissions Reduction Fund methods	>
Choosing a project type	>
Want to participate in the Emissions Reduction Fund	>
Project and contract registers	▼
Carbon abatement contract register	
Project register	▼
Australian carbon credit units issued	
Project Register - changes since last update	
Project mapping files	
Interactive map	
Auctions results	>
Forms and resources	>
News and updates	
Events	
Subscribe to email updates	

Strathburn Station

Project proponent	STRATHBURN CAPE YORK CARBON PTY LTD
Project name	Strathburn Station
Project ID	EOP100917
Contract ID	CAC102464
Contracted on	November 2015
Method	Carbon Credits (Carbon Farming Initiative - Emissions Abatement through Savanna Fire Management) Methodology Determination 2015
Method URL	Method URL
Method type	Savanna Burning
Project description	This project involves the strategic and planned burning of savanna areas during the early dry season to reduce the risk of late dry season wild fires.
Date Project Registered	09 December 2014
Project location	Queensland
Project location (postcode)	4871
Project Area(s), where the project is an area based offsets project	4149/PH31 This project is in the Cook local government area.

Producing ~20,000 ACCUs/year, and potentially ~60,000 total via Canberra's planned new 2023 Sequestration method

Notes	14/02/2017 Variation of project method - from Carbon Credits (Carbon Farming Initiative)(Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions through Early Dry Season Savanna Burning-1.1) Methodology Determination 2013 to Carbon Credits (Carbon Farming Initiative - Emissions Abatement through Savanna Fire Management) Methodology Determination 2015.
	02/12/2021 - Variation to participant name - from Country Carbon Pty Ltd to STRATHBURN CAPE YORK CARBON PTY LTD
ACCUs Total units issued	148,289
KACCUs Total units issued	148,289
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2012/13	0
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2013/14	0
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2014/15	20,310
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2015/16	0
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2016/17	26,112
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2017/18	20,593
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2018/19	0
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2019/20	44,620
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2020/21	0
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2021/22	36,654
KACCUs Units Issued in Financial Year 2022/23	0

STRATHBURN CATTLE STATION

Wilderness, wetlands, wildlife, cattle breeding and carbon farming in the middle of Cape York Peninsula,
Australia's Last Frontier



- WHAT IS IT?**
(clockwise from top)
Strathburn homestead and airstrip
Yellow-bellied glider
White-bellied sea-eagle
Teatree (swamp)
Radjah shelduck
Goldie-shouldered parrot
Magpie geese
Sarus crane
Brolga
Estuarine crocodile
Boomerang (waterhole)
Antipoline wallaroo
Paradise (lagoon)

Strathburn Station – 50km by 50km in the heart of Cape York Peninsula – is perhaps the most biodiverse non-coastal property in Queensland, featuring wetlands, wildlife and wilderness essentially unchanged for centuries

Birds 1

Birds of Strathburn (recent sightings)

1. Australasian Grebe
2. Australian Brush-Turkey
3. Australian Bustard
4. Australian Darter
5. Australian Hobby
6. Australian Magpie
7. Australian Owllet-Nightjar
8. Australian Pelican
9. Australian White Ibis
10. Australian Wood Duck
11. Azure Kingfisher
12. Banded Honeyeater
13. Bar-Shouldered Dove
14. Black Butcherbird
15. Black Kite
16. Black-Backed Butcherbird
17. Black-Faced Cuckoo-Shrike
18. Black-Fronted Dotteral
19. Black-Necked Stork (Jabiru)



Black-necked Stork (Jabiru)

20. Black-Throated Finch
21. Black-Winged Stilt
22. Blue-Faced Honeyeater
23. Blue-Winged Kookaburra
24. Brown Falcon
25. Brown Goshawk
26. Brown Honeyeater
27. Brown Quail
28. Brown Treecreeper
29. Brown-Backed Honeyeater
30. Brush Cuckoo
31. Bush Stone-Curlew
32. Channel-Billed Cuckoo
33. Cicadabird
34. Comb-Crested Jacana
35. Common Bronzewing
36. Common Koel
37. Dollarbird
38. Double-Barred Finch
39. Dusky Honeyeater
40. Emu
41. Eurasian Coot
42. Fairy Gerygone
43. Figbird
44. Forest Kingfisher
45. Fork-Tailed Swift
46. Galah
47. Glossy Ibis
48. Golden-Headed Cisticola
49. Graceful Honeyeater
50. Great Bowerbird
51. Great Egret
52. Great-Billed Heron
53. Green Pygmy-Goose
54. Grey Fantail
55. Grey Goshawk
56. Grey Shrike-Thrush
57. Grey Teal
58. Grey-Crowned Babbler
59. Helmeted Friarbird
60. Intermediate Egret
61. Large-Billed Gerygone

Search here.

62. Large-Tailed Nightjar
63. Laughing Kookaburra
64. Leaden Flycatcher
65. Lemon-Bellied Flycatcher
66. Little Black Cormorant
67. Little Bronze-Cuckoo
68. Little Brush-Cuckoo
69. Little Friarbird
70. Little Pied Cormorant
71. Little Woodswallow
72. Magpie Goose
73. Magpie-Lark
74. Masked Finch
75. Masked Lapwing
76. Mistletoebird
77. Nankeen Kestrel
78. Nankeen Night-Heron
79. Noisy Friarbird
80. Northern Fantail
81. Olive-Backed Oriole
82. Orange-Footed Scrub-Fowl
83. Pacific Baza
84. Pacific Black Duck
85. Pale-Headed Rosella
86. Palm Cockatoo



Bowerbird

87. Papuan Frogmouth
88. Peaceful Dove
89. Pheasant Coucal
90. Pied Butcherbird
91. Pied Cormorant
92. Pied Currawong
93. Pied Heron
94. Pied Imperial-Pigeon
95. Purple Swamphen
96. Radjah Shelduck
97. Rainbow Bee-Eater
98. Rainbow Lorikeet
99. Red-Backed Fairy-Wren
100. Red-Browed Pardalote
101. Red-Chested Button-Quail
102. Red-Tailed Black-Cockatoo
103. Red-Winged Parrot
104. Royal Spoonbill
105. Rufous Whistler
106. Sacred Kingfisher
107. Satin Flycatcher
108. Silver-Crowned Friarbird
109. Southern Boobook
110. Spangled Drongo
111. Squatter Pigeon
112. Straw-Necked Ibis
113. Striated Pardalote
114. Sulphur-Crested Cockatoo
115. Tawny Frogmouth
116. Torresian Crow
117. Varied Sittella
118. Varied Triller
119. Wandering Whistling-Duck
120. Wedge-Tailed Eagle
121. Weebill
122. Whistling Kite
123. White-Bellied Cuckoo-Shrike
124. White-Bellied Sea Eagle



Palm Cockatoo



White-bellied Sea Eagle

125. White-Faced Heron
126. White-Necked Heron
127. White-Streaked Honeyeater
128. White-Throated Gerygone
129. White-Throated Honeyeater
130. Willie Wagtail
131. Yellow Honeyeater
132. Yellow Oriole
133. Yellow-Billed Spoonbill
134. Yellow-Spotted Honeyeater

Strathburn Cattle Station, Boars, Bulls, Bams, Birds, Cape York Peninsula, Tropical North Queensland, Australia
 email: strathburnstation@gmail.com - Phone: Rory 0414 703 471

<https://strathburncattlestation.com.au/birds-of-strathburn/>

Rory Robertson (+61 414 703 471)

strathburnstation@gmail.com

www.strathburn.com

Strathburn Cattle Station is a proud partner of YALARI, Australia's leading provider of quality boarding-school educations for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander teenagers. Check it out at <http://www.strathburn.com/yalari.php>